

# <u>CODE OF INTERNAL PROCEDURES AND CONDUCT FOR REGULATING, MONITORING AND REPORTING OF TRADING BY INSIDERS.</u>

#### BACKGROUND

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 ("Regulations') seek to govern the conduct of insiders, connected persons and persons who are deemed to be connected persons on matters relating to Insider Trading.

Insider Trading involves trading in the securities of a company listed or proposed to be listed, by connected or any persons in possession of or with access to unpublished price sensitive information not available to the general public, who can take advantage of or benefit from such unpublished price sensitive information. Trading in securities by an 'insider' is regarded unfair when it is predicated upon utilisation of 'inside' information to profit at the expense of other investors who do not have access to the same information.

# **OBJECTIVE OF THIS CODE OF CONDUCT**

This Code of Conduct has been prepared by adopting the standards set out in Schedule B of the Regulations in order to regulate, monitor and report trading by its designated persons and immediate relatives of designated persons towards achieving compliance with the Regulations.

In order to fully understand the scope of restrictions on insider trading, it is useful to understand the following terms/definitions.

#### 1. Definitions

"Act" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Code" or "Code of Conduct" shall mean the Code of Internal Procedures and Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of trading by insiders of Kanchi Karpooram Limited as amended from time to time.

"Company" means Kanchi Karpooram Limited.

"Compliance Officer" means Company Secretary or such other senior officer, who is *financially* literate and is capable of appreciating requirements for legal and regulatory compliance



under these regulations designated so and reporting to the Board of Directors and who shall be responsible for compliance of policies, procedures, maintenance of records, monitoring adherence to the rules for the preservation of unpublished price sensitive information, monitoring of trades and the implementation of the codes specified in these regulations under the overall supervision of the Board of Directors of the Company.

**"Explanation** - for the Purpose of this regulation "financially literate" shall mean a person who has the ability to read and understand basic financial statements i.e. balance sheet, profit and loss account, and statement of cash flows."

## "Connected Person" means:

- (i) any person who is or has during the six months prior to the concerned act been associated with a company, directly or indirectly, in any capacity including by reason of frequent communication with its officers or by being in any contractual, fiduciary or employment relationship or by being a director, officer or an employee of the Company or holds any position including a professional or business relationship between himself and the Company whether temporary or permanent, that allows such person, directly or indirectly, access to unpublished price sensitive information or is reasonably expected to allow such access.
- (ii) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the persons falling within the following categories shall be deemed to be connected persons unless the contrary is established,
  - (a) an immediate relative of connected persons specified in clause (i); or
  - (b) a holding company or associate company or subsidiary company; or
  - (c) an intermediary as specified in Section 12 of the Act or an employee or directorthereof; or
  - (d) an investment company, trustee company, asset management company or an employeeor director thereof; or
  - (e) an official of a stock exchange or of clearing house or corporation; or
  - (f) a member of board of trustees of a mutual fund or a member of the board of directorsof the asset management company of a mutual fund or is an employee thereof; or
  - (g) a member of the Board of directors or an employee, of a public financial institution asdefined in section 2 (72) of the Companies Act, 2013; or
  - (h) an official or an employee of a self-regulatory organization recognised or authorized by the Board; or
  - (i) a banker of the Company; or
  - (j) a concern, firm, trust, hindu undivided family, company or association of persons wherein a director of the Company or his immediate relative or banker of the Company, has more than ten per cent, of the holding or interest.



"Dealing in Securities" means an act of subscribing to, buying, selling or agreeing to subscribe to, buy, sell or deal in the securities of the Company either as principal or agent during free period.

# **Designated Employee**(s) shall include:

- 1. every employee in the grade of Principal Leader and above;
- 2. every employee in the finance, accounts, Costing, Treasury secretarial, Information Technology and legal department and such other department as may be determined and informed by the Compliance Officer; and
- 3. any other employee as may be determined and informed by the Compliance Officer from time to time.

"Director" means a member of the Board of Directors of the Company.

"**Employee**" means every employee of the Company including the Directors in the employment of the Company.

"Free Period "means any Period other than the Prohibited Period

"Generally available Information" means information that is accessible to the public on a non-discriminatory basis.

"Immediate Relative" means a spouse of a person, and includes parent, sibling, and child of such person or of the spouse, any of whom is either dependent financially on such person, or consults such person in taking decisions relating to trading in securities

Note: if spouse is financially independent and doesn't consult an insider while taking trading decisions, the spouse won't be exempted from the definition of immediate relative. A spouse is presumed to be an "immediate relative", unless rebutted so.

"Insider" means any person who,

- (i) Designated person(s) & their immediate relatives
- (ii) a connected person; or
- (iii) in possession of or having access to unpublished price sensitive information.

"Key Managerial Person" means person as defined in Section 2(51) of the Companies Act, 2013

### **Prohibited Period' means:**

(i) the period effective from the date on which the Company sends intimation to the StockExchange advising the date of the Board Meeting, upto 48 hours after the price sensitive information is submitted to the Stock Exchange.



- (ii) such other period as may be specified by the Compliance Officer from time to time inconsultation with the Chairman.
- "Promoter" shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 or any modification thereof:
- "Promoter group" shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 or any modification thereof;"
- "Proposed to be listed" shall include securities of an unlisted company:
  - (i) if such unlisted company has filed offer documents or other documents, as the case may be, with the Board, stock exchange(s) or registrar of companies in connection with the listing; or
  - (ii) if such unlisted company is getting listed pursuant to any merger or amalgamation and hasfiled a copy of such scheme of merger or amalgamation under the Companies Act, 2013: "
- **"Securities"** shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act,1956 (42 of 1956) or any modification thereof except units of a mutual fund;
- "Takeover regulations" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 and any amendments thereto;
- "**Trading**" means and includes subscribing, buying, selling, dealing, or agreeing to subscribe, buy, sell, deal in any securities, and "trade" shall be construed accordingly
- "Trading Day" means a day on which the recognized stock exchanges are open for trading;
- "Unpublished Price Sensitive Information" means: means any information, relating to a company or its securities, directly or indirectly, that is not generally available which upon becoming generally available, is likely to materially affect the price of the securities and shall, ordinarily including but not restricted to, information relating to the following:
  - a) financial results;
  - b) dividends;
  - c) change in capital structure:
  - d) mergers, de-mergers, acquisitions, delistings, disposals and expansion of business and such othertransactions;
  - e) changes in key managerial personnel;
- "**Regulations**" shall mean the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and any amendments thereto.



"**Specified Persons**" means the Directors, connected persons, the insiders, the Designated Employees and the promoters and immediate relatives s are collectively referred to as Specified Persons.

Words and expressions used and not defined in these regulations but defined in the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (42 of 1956), the Depositories Act, 1996 (22 of 1996) or the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) and rules and regulations made thereunder shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in those legislation.

## 2. Role of Compliance Officer

The Company Secretary shall act as Compliance Officer. The Compliance Officer shall report on insider trading to the Board of Directors of the Company and in particular, shall provide reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, if any, or to the Chairman of the Board of Directors at such frequency as may be stipulated by the Board of Directors.

The Compliance Officer shall assist all employees in addressing any clarifications regarding the Securities Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and the Company's Code of Conduct.

#### 3. Preservation of "Price Sensitive Information"

All information shall be handled within the Company on a need-to-know basis and no unpublished price sensitive information shall be communicated to any person except in furtherance of the insider's legitimate purposes, performance of duties or discharge of his legalobligations.

Unpublished price sensitive information may be communicated, provided, allowed access to orprocured, in connection with a transaction which entails:

- an obligation to make an open offer under the takeover regulations where the Board of Directors of the Company is of informed opinion that sharing of such information is in the best interests of the Listed Company;
- not attracting the obligation to make an open offer under the takeover regulations but where the Board of Directors of the Company is of informed opinion that sharing of such information is in the best interests of the Listed Company and the information that constitute unpublished price sensitive information is disseminated to be made generally available at least two trading days prior to sharing of such information being effected in such form as the Board of Directors may determine to be adequate and fair to cover all relevant and material facts.



**NOTE**: It is intended to permit communicating, providing, allowing access to or procuring UPSI also in transactions that do not entail an open offer obligation under the takeover regulations when authorised by the board of directors if sharing of such information is in the best interests of the company. The board of directors, however, would cause public disclosures of such unpublished price sensitive information well before the proposed transaction to rule out any information asymmetry in the market.

However, the Board of Directors shall require the parties to execute agreements to contract confidentiality and non-disclosure obligations on the part of such parties and such parties shall keep information so received confidential, except for the limited purpose and shall not otherwise trade in securities of the Company when in possession of unpublished price sensitive information.

The board of directors shall ensure that a structured digital database is maintained containing the names of such persons or entities as the case may be with whom information is shared under this regulation along with the Permanent Account Number or any other identifier authorized by law where Permanent Account Number is not available. Such databases shall be maintained with adequate internal controls and checks such as time stamping and audit trails to ensure non-tampering of the database.

## Need to Know:

- (i) "need to know" basis means that Unpublished Price Sensitive Information should be disclosed only to those within the Company who need the information to discharge their duty and whose possession of such information will not give rise to a conflict of interest or appearance of misuse of the information.
- (ii) All non-public information directly received by any employee should immediately be reported to the head of the department.

#### Limited access to confidential information

Files containing confidential information shall be kept secure. Computer files must have adequate security of login and password, etc.

# 4. Prevention of misuse of "Unpublished Price Sensitive Information"

Employees and connected persons designated on the basis of their functional role ("designated persons") in the Company shall be governed by an internal code of conduct governing dealing in securities.

#### Trading Plan

An insider shall be entitle to formulate a trading plan for dealing in securities of the Company and present it to the Compliance Officer for approval and public disclosure pursuant to which trades may be carried out on his behalf in accordance with such plan.



# Trading Plan shall:

- i. Not entail commencement of trading on behalf of the insider earlier than six months from the public disclosure of the plan;
- ii. Not entail trading for the period between the twentieth trading day prior to the last day of any financial period for which results are required to be announced by the issuer of the securities and the second trading day after the disclosure of such financial results;
- iii. Entail trading for a period of not less than twelve months;
- iv. Not entail overlap of any period for which another trading plan is already in existence;
- v. Set out either the value of trades to be effected or the number of securities to be traded along with the nature of the trade and the intervals at, or dates on which such trades shall be effected; and
- vi. Not entail trading in securities for market abuse.

The Compliance Officer shall consider the Trading Plan made as above and shall approve it forthwith. However, he shall be entitled to take express undertakings as may be necessary to enable such assessment and to approve and monitor the implementation of the plan as per provisions of the Regulations.

The Trading Plan once approved shall be irrevocable and the Insider shall mandatorily have to implement the plan, without being entitled to either deviate from it or to execute any trade in the securities outside the scope of the trading plan.

However, the implementation of the trading plan shall not be commenced, if at the time of formulation of the plan, the Insider is in possession of any unpublished price sensitive information and the said information has not become generally available at the time of the commencement of implementation. The commencement of the Plan shall be deferred until such unpublished price sensitive information becomes generally available information. Further, the Insider shall also not be allowed to deal in securities of the Company, if the date of trading in securities of the Company, as per the approved Trading Plan, coincides with the date of closure of Trading Window announced by the Compliance Officer.

Upon approval of the trading plan, the compliance officer shall notify the plan to the stockexchanges on which the securities are listed.

# 5. Trading Window and Window Closure

- (i) The trading period, i.e. the trading period of the stock exchanges, called 'trading window", is available for trading in the Company's securities.
- (ii) The trading window shall be, inter alia, closed from the end of every quarter till 48 hours after the declaration of financial results.



- (iii) In case, the Board Meeting is being convened at shorter notice or SEBI (LODR) Regulations permits issue of short notice of Board meeting for such matters then the period of closure shall be effective from the date on which the Company sends intimation to Stock Exchange advising the date of the Board Meeting, upto 48 hours after the Price sensitive information is submitted to the Stock Exchange.
- (iv) The Compliance Officer shall also close the trading window when he determines that a designated person or class of designated persons can reasonably be expected to have possession unpublished price sensitive information.
- (v) When the trading window is closed, the Specified Persons shall not trade in the Company's securities in such period. The period during which the trading window is closed shall be a termed as prohibited period.
- (vi) All Specified Persons shall conduct all their dealings in the securities of the Company only in a valid trading window and shall not deal in any transaction involving the purchase or sale of the Company's securities during the periods when the trading window is closed, as referred to in Point No. (ii) Above or during any other period as may be specified by the Company from time to time.
- (vii) In case of ESOPs, exercise of option may be allowed in the period when the trading window is closed. However, sale of shares allotted on exercise of ESOPs shall not be allowed when trading is closed.

The Compliance Officer shall intimate the closure of trading window to all the designated employees of the Company when he determines that a designated person or class of designated persons can reasonably be expected to have possession of unpublished price sensitive information. Such closure shall be imposed in relation to such securities to which such unpublished price sensitive information relates.

The Compliance Officer after taking into account various factors including the unpublished price sensitive information in question becoming generally available and being capable of assimilation by the market, shall decide the timing for re-opening of the trading window, however in any event it shall not be earlier than forty-eight hours after the information becomes generally available.

The trading window shall also be applicable to any person having contractual or fiduciary relation with the Company, such as auditors, accountancy firms, law firms, analysts, consultant, merchant banker, Banks etc., assisting or advising the Company.

#### 6. Pre-clearance of trades

All Specified Persons, who intend to deal in the securities of the Company when the trading window is opened and if the value of the proposed trades during free period is above



50,000 shares or up to Rs. 10 Lakhs (market value) or 1% of total shareholding, whichever is less, should pre-clear the transaction at least one day prior to such execution. However, no designated person shall be entitled to apply for pre-clearance of any proposed trade if such designated person is in possession of unpublished price sensitive information even if the trading window is not closed and hence he shall not be allowed to trade. The pre-dealing procedure shall be hereunder:

- (i) An application may be made in the prescribed Form (Annexure 1) to the Compliance officer indicating the estimated number of securities that the Specified Employee intends to deal in, the details as to the depository with which he has a security account, the details as to the securities in such depository mode and such other details as may be required by any rule made by the company in this behalf.
- (ii) An undertaking (Annexure 2) shall be executed in favour of the Company by such Specified Employee incorporating, *inter alia*, the following clauses, as may be applicable:
  - (a) That the employee/director/officer does not have any access or has not received "Price Sensitive Information" up to the time of signing the undertaking.
  - (b) That in case the Specified Employee has access to or receives "Price Sensitive Information" after the signing of the undertaking but before the execution of the transaction he/she shall inform the Compliance Officer of the change in his position and that he/she would completely refrain from dealing in the securities of the company till the time such information becomes public.
  - (c) That he/she has not contravened the code of conduct for prevention of insider tradingas notified by the Company from time to time.
  - (d) That he/she has made a full and true disclosure in the matter.
  - (iii) All Specified Persons and they shall execute their order in respect of securities of the Company within one week after the approval of pre-clearance is given. The Specified Person shall file within 2 (two) days of the execution of the deal, the details of such deal with the Compliance Officer in the prescribed form. In case the transaction is not undertaken, a report to that effect shall be filed. (Refer Annexure 3 & 4).
  - (iv) If the order is not executed within seven days after the approval is given, the employee/director must pre-clear the transaction again.
  - (v) All Specified Persons who buy or sell any number of shares of the Company shall not enter into an opposite transaction i.e. sell or buy any number of shares during the next six months following the prior transaction. All Specified Persons shall also not take positions in derivative transactions in the shares of the Company at any time. In case of any contra trade be executed, inadvertently or otherwise, in violation of such



a restriction, the profits from such trade shall be liable to be disgorged for remittance to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) for credit to the Investor Protection and Education Fund administered by SEBI under the Act.

In case of subscription in the primary market (initial public offers), the above mentioned entities shall hold their investments for a minimum period of 30 days. The holding periodwould commence when the securities are actually allotted.

(vi) The Compliance Officer may waive off the holding period in case of sale of securities in personal emergency after recording reasons for the same. However, no such sale will be permitted when the Trading window is closed.

#### 7. Other Restrictions

All Directors, Officers, Designated Employees of the Company and their dependent family members shall conduct all their dealings in the securities of the Company only during the free period and shall not deal in any transaction involving the purchase or sale of the Company's securities during the prohibited periods or during any other period as may be specified by the Company from time to time.

The disclosures to be made by any person under this Code shall include those relating to trading by such person's immediate relatives, and by any other person for whom such person takes trading decisions.

The disclosures of trading in securities shall also include trading in derivatives of securities and the traded value of the derivatives shall be taken into account for purposes of this Code.

The disclosures made under this Code shall be maintained for a period of five years.

## 8. Reporting Requirements for transactions in securities

#### **Initial Disclosure**

Every promoter/member of the promoter Group/ Key Managerial Personnel / Director / Officers/ Designated Employees of the Company, within thirty days of these regulations taking effect, shall forward to the Company the details of all holdings in securities of the Company presently held by them including the statement of holdings of immediate relative(s) in the prescribed Form(Annexure 5) (as prescribed or amended by SEBI, from time to time).

Every person on appointment as a key managerial personnel or a director of the Company or upon becoming a promoter shall disclose his holding of securities of the Company as on the date of appointment or becoming a promoter, to the Company within 7 (seven) days of such appointment or becoming a promoter in (Annexure 6) (as prescribed or amended by SEBI, from time to time).



#### **Continual Disclosure**

Every promoter, member of the promoter group, designated person (including their immediate relatives) and director of the Company shall disclose to the Company in the format set out in <u>Annexure 7</u> (as prescribed or amended by SEBI, from time to time) the number of such securities acquired or disposed of within two trading days of such transaction if the value of the securities traded, whether in one transaction or a series of transactions over any calendar quarter, aggregates to a traded value in excess of Rs.10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakh Only) or such other value as may be specified. The disclosure shall be made within 2 days of:

- (a) The receipt of intimation of allotment of shares, or
- (b) The acquisition or sale of shares or voting rights, as the case may be

# **Disclosure by other Connected Persons:**

The Compliance Officer at his discretion may require any other connected person or class of connected persons to make disclosures of holdings and trading in securities of Company as and when he deems fit in order to monitor compliance with these Regulations in the format set out in Annexure 8 (as prescribed or amended by SEBI, from time to time).

Disclosure by other Connected Persons:

#### i. One Time

The Designated person shall disclose the following information (in a format as may be prescribed by the Compliance Officer), one time basis, to Company within 15 days from the dateon which this code shall become effective;

- (i) his/her Phone, mobile and cell numbers
- (ii) his/her Permanent Account Number or any other identifier authorized by law

#### ii. Annual Disclosure and Continual Disclosure

The Designated person shall disclose the following information (Annexure 5 or such form as may be prescribed by the Compliance Officer), on annual basis, to Company within 30 days from the end of the Financial Year and on continual disclosure basis, as and when the information changes within 2 days of such change;

- (i) Name of Immediate Relatives
- (ii) persons with whom such designated person(s) shares a Material Financial Relationship



- (iii) Permanent Account Number or any other identifier authorized by law of (i) & (ii)
- (iv) Phone, mobile and cell numbers of (i) & (ii)

Explanations: -"Material Financial Relationship" shall mean a relationship as relationship in which one person is a recipient of any kind of payment such as by way of a loan or gift during the immediately preceding twelve months, equivalent to at least 25% of such payer's annual income but shall exclude relationships in which the payment is based on arm's length transactions."

# 9. Disclosure by the Company to the Stock Exchange(s)

Within 2 days of the receipt of intimation under Clause 8.3, the Compliance Officer shall disclose to all Stock Exchanges on which the Company is listed, the information received.

The Compliance officer shall maintain records of all the declarations in the appropriate form given by the directors / officers / designated person for a minimum period of five years.

#### 10. Dissemination of Price Sensitive Information

No information shall be passed by Specified Persons by way of making a recommendation or the purchase or sale of securities of the Company.

Disclosure/dissemination of Price Sensitive Information with special reference to analysts, media persons and institutional investors:

The following guidelines shall be followed while dealing with analysts and institutional investors

- Only public information to be provided.
- At least two Company representatives be present at meetings with analysts, media persons and institutional investors.
- Unanticipated questions may be taken on notice and a considered response given later. If the answer includes price sensitive information, a public announcementshould be made before responding.
- Simultaneous release of information after every such meet.



## 11. Penalty for contravention of the code of conduct

Every Specified Person shall be individually responsible for complying with the provisions of the Code (including to the extent the provisions hereof are applicable to his/her dependents).

Any Specified Person who trades in securities or communicates any information for trading in securities, in contravention of this Code may be penalised and appropriate action may be taken by the Company.

Specified Persons who violate the Code shall also be subject to disciplinary action by the Company, which may include wage freeze, suspension, ineligibility for future participation in employee stock option plans, etc.

The action by the Company shall not preclude SEBI from taking any action in case of violation of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

## 12. Internal Control System

The Managing Director of IMIL shall put in place adequate and effective system of internal controls to ensure compliance with the requirements given in these code and regulations to prevent insider trading.

## 13. Review of Compliances of Regulations And Verification Of Internal Control System

The Audit Committee of IMIL shall review compliance with the provisions of these Code and Regulations at least once in a Financial Year and shall verify that the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively.

#### 14. Code of Fair Disclosure:

A code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of un-published price sensitive information for adhering each of the principles are set out in Code of Conduct for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information.